# **Justification**

## Homework Assignment

- 1. Read Romans 3:1-31
- 2. Read Romans 4:1-25

#### Lesson Outline

- I. Definition
  - i. The Act of Declaring or Accounting a Person Just or Righteous
    - 1. Change of state
    - 2. New relationship to God's law
  - ii. Condemn is opposite of justify
    - 1. Proverbs 17:15
    - 2. Romans 8:33-34
- II. How is a Sinner Justified Before God?
  - i. Not by his works
    - 1. Romans 3:10, 19, 23
    - 2. Law demands perfect obedience
    - 3. The Law condemns Romans 3:20
    - 4. Man cannot make up for past sins by doing extra good
      - a. Man's minimum duty is to love God with all his strength
  - ii. By the Grace of God and Offering of Jesus Christ
    - 1. Romans 3:24
    - 2. Romans 5:9
    - 3. Romans 10:4
    - 4. II Corinthians 5:21
    - 5. Philippians 3:9
    - 6. Consistent with God Romans 3:26

#### III. Its Effect

- i. Imputed Righteousness
  - 1. Similar to our sins being imputed to Jesus
    - a. i.e. He didn't become a sinner and we didn't become righteous
  - 2. Philemon 18
  - 3. Romans 4:6-8

## IV. When is a Sinner Justified Before God

- i. When they believe on Jesus
  - 1. Believe- not condemned John 3:18
  - 2. Believe- justified Acts 13:39
  - 3. Justified by faith Romans 5:1
  - 4. Believe unto righteousness Romans 10:10
  - 5. Saved through faith Ephesians 2:8
- ii. Faith is the Turning Point
  - 1. Circumcision- a seal of already obtained righteousness through faith Romans 4:11
  - 2. It is the merging of all affections in Jesus Christ
  - 3. Faith is the pipeline that carries all the blessings of Jesus Christ
  - 4. No work in believing Romans 4:16

### V. Who Justifies?

- i. God
  - 1. Romans 8:33
  - 2. He is the one offended
- ii. No Priest or Minister can administer justification
  - 1. Another reason why baptism or other deeds are not part of salvation (i.e. church membership or Lord's supper)